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The People's Korea

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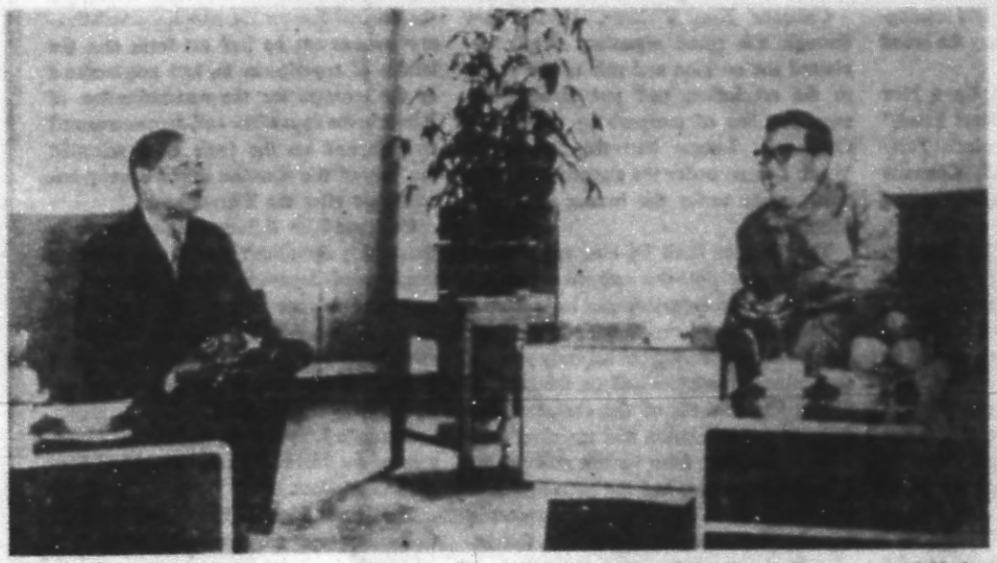
Premier KIM IL SUNG Receives
Delegation of Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia



Premier Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, received on Sep. 26 the delegation of the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia under the leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea which visited the DPRK.

PYONGYANG, Sep. 26 (KCNA)—Premier Kim Il Sung received today the delegation of the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia under the leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea which is on a visit to our country.

Present there were the members of the delegation headed by Ngo Hou, Minister of Health and Religious and Social Affairs of the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia.

Foreign Minister Ho Dam was present there; Ang Kim Khoan, Ambassador of the Kingdom of Cambodia under the leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea to our country, was also present.

Premier Kim Il Sung had a cordial talk with the guests.

Premier KIM IL SUNG Receives
Ambassador of Republic of Zambia to DPRK

PYONGYANG, Sep. 25 (KCNA)—Premier Kim Il Sung received today Ngoma Philemon, Ambassador of the Republic of Zambia to our country, who paid a farewell call prior to his return home at the recall of his Government.

Present on the occasion was Foreign Minister Ho Dam.

Premier Kim Il Sung had a friendly talk with the Ambassador.

Marshal KIM IL SUNG
Sends Telegram of Sympathy to President Nicolae Ceausescu of State Council of SR of Romania

PYONGYANG, Oct. 7 (KCNA)—Upon hearing the news that Comrade Ion Gheorghe Maurer, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Socialist Republic of Romania, was seriously wounded in an unexpected motor accident and is under treatment, Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent on Oct. 7 a telegram of sympathy to Comrade Nicolae Ceausescu, General Secretary of the Romanian Communist Party and President of the State Council of the Socialist Republic of Romania.

The telegram of sympathy reads:

Upon hearing the news that Comrade Ion Gheorghe Maurer, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Socialist Republic of Romania, was seriously wounded in an unexpected motor accident and is under treatment, I express deep sympathy.

I sincerely hope he will recover his health at an early date.

Marshal KIM IL SUNG
Sends Wreath before Bier of Late Dr. and Prof. Won Hong Gu

PYONGYANG, Oct. 5 (KCNA)—Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, sent yesterday a wreath before the bier of the late Doctor and Professor Won Hong Gu, Deputy to the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Member of the Presidium of the Academy of Sciences of the DPRK and its corresponding member, who devoted all his energies and talent to implementing our Party's *Juche*-oriented policy of science and made a great contribution to the work for developing biology of our country and educating the younger generation from right after Liberation.

That day Comrade Chong Jun Taek, vice-Premier of the Cabinet; and Pak Sin Dok, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Religious Chongu Party; Pak Mun Gyu, General Secretary of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly; Song Bok Gi and Rim Jin Gyu, Directors of the Secretariat of the Cabinet; and functionaries of the Academy of Sciences, Academy of Medical Sciences, the zoo and the educational organs visited and burnt incense before the bier of the late Comrade Won Hong Gu, expressing deep condolence over the death of Comrade Won Hong Gu.

Wreaths sent from various organs were placed beneath the bier of the deceased.

Let World's Revolutionary Peoples Wage Anti-Imperialist, Anti-U.S. Struggle More Vigorously!

On 2nd Anniv. of Publication of Genius Treatise, "Great Anti-Imperialist Revolutionary Cause of Asian, African and Latin American Peoples Is Invincible" by Great Leader

EDITORIAL

It is two years now since the treatise, **"The Great Anti-Imperialist Revolutionary Cause of Asian, African and Latin American Peoples Is Invincible"** which was authored personally by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist movement and working-class movement, on the occasion of the 1st anniversary of the death of Ernesto Che Guevara in battle, was published on Oct. 8, 1968 in the "Tricontinental," the theoretical organ of the Organization of Solidarity of the Peoples of Africa, Asia and Latin America (OSPAAAL).

On the basis of a profound analysis of the present international situation and the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle, Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, gave complete answers to the following urgent theoretical and practical questions waiting for solution in the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle and in the development of the world revolutionary movement: the question of the ultimate victory of socialism, the question of crushing counter-revolutionary armed forces with revolutionary armed forces and seizing power, the question of the nature of imperialism and the global strategy of U.S. imperialism, and the question involving the line of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle, especially the strategy for small countries in their struggle to smash the U.S. imperialists.

By summarizing experiences in the anti-imperialist, anti-colonialist struggle of the revolutionary peoples of the world, Marshal Kim Il Sung also formulated a revolutionary and scientific strategic and tactical line for strengthening the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle and the national liberation struggle in colonies.

In fact, the treatise, **"The Great Anti-Imperialist Revolutionary Cause of Asian, African and Latin American Peoples Is Invincible,"** authored personally by Marshal Kim Il Sung, is a revolutionary document clarifying the correct way to accelerate the collapse of imperialism headed by U.S. imperialism in our time and bring earlier the ultimate victory of socialism. At the same time, it is a powerful ideological, theoretical and practical weapon which the tricontinental peoples should grasp without fail to achieve the victory of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle.

In his work, Marshal Kim Il Sung said that the countries whose proletariat has grasped power in the encirclement of international capitalism are not free from the danger of imperialist aggression and restoration of capitalism during the entire historical period of revolutionary transition from capitalism to socialism, and by correctly analyzing the criminal maneuvers of U.S. imperialism, clarified in a manner worthy of a man of genius the scientific ways of accelerating the ultimate victory of socialism by defeating imperialism headed by U.S. imperialism.

In his treatise, Marshal Kim Il Sung taught that the revolution cannot develop of itself but can always be advanced and brought to maturity only through an active and hard struggle of the revolutionaries. He also said that the struggle of the oppressed peoples with arms in their hands against the aggressors is their inalienable right because imperialism plunders and suppresses small and weak nations by violence.

Marshal Kim Il Sung thoroughly exposed and analyzed the aggression and war policy and the vicious world strategy pursued by the U.S. imperialists, the first target of attack in the struggle of the peoples all over the world. He taught that the struggle against U.S. imperialism is the inescapable common duty and the first and foremost revolutionary task of all the peoples of the world.

Discussing this anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle line, the Leader especially set forth the revolutionary strategic line that the peoples of the small countries making revolution should mutilate U.S. imperialism in every place and deal it a fatal blow.

Marshal Kim Il Sung said:

"The peoples of the countries making revolution should join efforts to tear left and right arms from U.S. imperialism, tear off its left and right legs and behead it eventually everywhere it stretches out its crooked hands of aggression. The U.S. imperialists are bluffing now, but when the revolutionary peoples of the world join in mutilating them, the U.S. imperialists will become impotent and bite the dust in the end. We small nations should unite and counter the strategy of U.S. imperialism to swallow us up one by one, each chopping off its head and limbs. Such, it can be said, is the strategy of struggle for small countries to defeat U.S. imperialism."

This strategy of struggle put forth by Marshal Kim Il Sung is the most scientific strategy based on the correct appraisal of U.S. imperialism dashing forward to its final ruin, an active strategy for promoting the final collapse of U.S. imperialism by dealing blows at it ceaselessly and a revolutionary strategy embodying the firm *Juche* ideas of thoroughly smashing all hues of flunkeyism.

This work of genius authored by Marshal Kim Il Sung has grasped the hearts of the peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America and won their fervent support and sympathy because of the validity of the profound revolutionary theory which it contains.

They unanimously praise his treatise as a "brilliant programmatic document" which clearly indicates the ways and means of struggle and strategy and tactics for the fighting tricontinental peoples, as a "textbook of anti-imperialist struggle," as a "shining beacon illuminating the road to victory of the world revolution," as a "programme of action of all the peoples who have risen in their sacred anti-imperialist national liberation struggle" and as a "document which has further enriched the treasure-house of Marxism-Leninism and made a great theoretical and practical contribution."

(Continued on page 3)

"Brief History of Revolutionary Activities of Comrade KIM IL SUNG" (13)

The establishment of our Party was the priceless fruit of the untiring struggle of Comrade Kim Il Sung who had put forth all his energy for the foundation of a revolutionary Party since the days of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, and was a brilliant victory in the long-drawn struggle of the Korean Communists and working class under his leadership.

The foundation of our Party, a genuine Marxist-Leninist Party, was a great event that marked a historic turning-point in the development of the communist movement in our country and the Korean revolution as a whole. Moreover, the foundation of our Party was of tremendous significance in the development of the international communist movement and the world revolution.

From that time onward the Korean working class and people were able to victoriously pave the glorious way of the revolution under the leadership of a Marxist-Leninist Party, their vanguard detachment, the General Staff of the Korean revolution, headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Following the foundation of the Party, Comrade Kim Il Sung exerted efforts to strengthen the Party organizationally and ideologically and rally the broad toiling masses around it.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"It is the decisive guarantee of victory both in the revolutionary struggle and the constructive work to build up the revolutionary forces, that is, to fortify the Party, the General Staff of the revolution, and rally the broad masses around it. In building up the revolutionary forces, it is the consistent line of our Party to consolidate the Party organizationally and ideologically through the practical struggle for revolution and construction, awaken the masses and win them over to the side of the revolution, to bring up all the Party members into revolutionaries through the nuclear role of the Communists tested in the long years of revolutionary struggle and to arm all the people with the revolutionary spirit through the nuclear role of the Party members."

In order to strengthen the Party Comrade Kim Il Sung, first of all, dealt a decisive blow to the factionalists and provincialists in the Party who had been in the way of carrying through the political and organizational lines of the Party, and gave guidance to strengthen the unity of the whole Party in thought and will on the basis of the unitary ideology of the Party, to strengthen the organizational discipline of the Party based upon the principle of democratic centralism, to improve the composition of the Party, to rapidly expand the Party ranks, and, at the same time, to strengthen the ties between the Party and the masses.

The Second and Third Enlarged Sessions of the Executive Committee of our Party held in November and December 1945 under the guidance of Comrade Kim Il Sung were of epoch-making significance in crushing the manoeuvres of the factionalists who hampered the carrying out of the political and organizational lines of the Party, in defending the Party's political line, establishing the system of the Party's organizational leadership, putting Party work on the right track, and boosting the fighting efficiency of the Party. Above all, the Third Enlarged Session of the Executive Committee took resolute measures for overcoming wrong organizational, political and ideological tendencies in the Party in accordance with the line set by Comrade Kim Il Sung. This brought about a great innovation in Party work and Party life, and the Party could develop as a really sound and powerful one.

Through the struggle for the fulfilment of the instructions given by Comrade Kim Il Sung at the Third Enlarged Session of the Executive Committee, the schismatic and provincialist manoeuvres and all liberalistic actions of the factionalists were hard hit, a well-regulated Party organizational system was set up from the centre of the Party down to the cells, the principle of democratic centralism was established, unity of the Party was strengthened, and the Party could find root deeper among the masses.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, while strengthening the Party organizationally and ideologically, strove energetically to rally the broad masses around it.

In his speech **"On Building Up a New Korea and on the United National Front,"** delivered to the responsible provincial Party workers on October 13, 1945, Comrade Kim Il Sung extensively elucidated the united front policy of the Party.

In this speech Comrade Kim Il Sung, scientifically prescribing the character and tasks of the Korean revolution, taught that with a view to building a Democratic People's Republic a united front should be formed with the participation of not only the working class and the peasantry but also all the other patriotic democratic forces including national capitalists and definitely clarified the fundamental principles to be observed by our Party in the united front movement.

He taught that within the united front the Communist Party should firmly maintain its independence and definitely play the leading role, and that the united front should in any case be based on the worker-peasant alliance led by the working class and rally the broadest possible patriotic democratic forces including even the national capitalists, and yet the principle of combining unity and struggle should be observed in forming an alliance with the national capitalists. And he emphasized that the united front had to be formed on all accounts according to the principle of uncompromising fight with the reactionary forces.

Clarifying the tasks arising in the united front movement, Comrade Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"The issue of building a new democratic Korea depends entirely upon whether we succeed or not in strengthening the Communist Party, forming a united national front, and rallying the broad masses around the Communist Party. Every member of the Communist Party must actively struggle to expand and strengthen the Party ranks continuously, to co-operate sincerely with associate parties, and to win over the broad masses."

Comrade Kim Il Sung's speech **"On Building Up a New Korea and on the United National Front"** represented a classical Marxist-Leninist document which gave perfect answers to the questions of principle arising in the work of winning over the masses, particularly to the strategic and tactical problems posed in the united front movement; it served as a programmatic guide, a powerful theoretical and practical weapon of the Party for winning over the broad masses.

With a view to rallying the broad masses around the Party, Comrade Kim Il Sung personally directed the work of founding such organizations surrounding the Party as the Trade Union, the Peasants' Union, the Democratic Youth League, and the Democratic Women's Union, and rallied millions of toiling people in organizations within a short length of time.

Particularly, it was of great significance for the strengthening of the revolutionary forces to rally the broad sections of the youth firmly around the Party by reorganizing the Young Communist League into the Democratic Youth League.

Right after the liberation, the youth movement was very complex. The reactionaries at home resorted to every possible manoeuvre to split and disrupt the youth movement by forming all sorts of reactionary youth organizations, and each of the various political parties was striving to draw over young people under it. But the Young Communist League organizations embraced a very small number of young people within limited circles.

If such a state of affairs was left alone, a large number of young people could possibly be drawn away by the reactionaries, not to mention the fact that the youth movement could be split.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, having seen through this grave situation, clearly explained the position and role of the youth in the revolution, and put forward the sagacious line of reorganizing the Young Communist League into the Democratic Youth League under the slogan: "Patriotic youth, unite under the banner of democracy!"

This line set forth by him was a most correct and original one mapped out on the basis of the rich experiences he had accumulated in personally organizing and directing the youth movement from his early years of revolutionary activities and on the basis of a scientific analysis of the character and tasks of our revolution and the class positions of the youth from various walks of life after the liberation, and the peculiarities of the development of the youth movement in our country. Nevertheless, the factionalists and dogmatists, who did not have even the elementary understanding of and experience in the youth movement, hampered the realization of the line, bluntly calling it a "Right deviation of the Party" or a "retrogression of the youth movement."

Even the persistent obstructive manoeuvres of the anti-Party factionalists could not impede the onward movement of the masses of the youth who had risen in pursuance of the correct line of Comrade Kim Il Sung. Under the personal guidance of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the work of reorganizing the Young Communist League into the Democratic Youth League made headway successfully, frustrating all manner of obstructive manoeuvres of the anti-Party factionalists and dogmatists.

The Korean Democratic Youth League was founded on January 17, 1946, guided by the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung and carrying forward the brilliant revolutionary traditions of the youth movement established by him. In this way, broad sections of the patriotic youth, rallied still firmer around the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, could participate more actively in the struggle to build up a new country.

In accordance with the united front policy of the Party set forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the work of strengthening the unity in action with the democratic political parties was also pushed forward actively.

Thus, the United Democratic National Front, which embraced the masses of all walks of life on the basis of the worker-peasant alliance led by the working class, was successfully realized.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, while founding the Party and building up the revolutionary forces, organized and directed the work of setting up, consolidating and developing the people's government, the powerful weapon of the revolution.

It was indispensable to smash the old ruling machine of Japanese imperialism and establish a new people's government in order to suppress the resistance of the enemy, successfully carry out the socio-economic reforms for ensuring welfare and democratic freedom and rights to the entire people, build up the northern half into a powerful base for the Korean revolution and continue to drive the revolution forward.

Immediately after the liberation, however, the work of establishing the people's government, too, did not proceed smoothly. The Right and Left opportunists threw obstacles in the way of establishment of a genuine people's government, clamouring for a bourgeois republic or a government of the proletarian dictatorship.

Comrade Kim Il Sung crushed these manoeuvres of the Right and Left opportunists and creatively solved the question of setting up a people's government on the basis of the original line on the people's revolutionary government he had set forth and the wealth of experiences he had accumulated in the struggle for the materialization of it back in the days of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, and on the basis of a scientific analysis of the situation in our country immediately after the liberation.

Comrade Kim Il Sung led our people to thoroughly demolish the old colonial ruling machine of Japanese imperialism and to set up people's committees in every nook and corner of the country and, on this basis, established the North Korean Provisional People's Committee, a new form of government, in February 1946.

Comrade Kim Il Sung was elected Chairman of the North Korean Provisional People's Committee.

The North Korean Provisional People's Committee was a government which had inherited the brilliant revolutionary traditions of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle, a genuine people's government relying upon the United Democratic National Front which embraced the broad anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic forces on the basis of the worker-peasant alliance under the leadership of the working class, a government which carried out the functions of the people's democratic dictatorship. It was the basic task of this government to fulfil the tasks of the anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution and create a revolutionary democratic base in the northern half.

As a result of the establishment of the North Korean Provisional People's Committee as a new form of government by Comrade Kim Il Sung the question of power, the fundamental question of the revolution, was brilliantly solved in our country, and our people became proud masters of power, who came to hold a powerful weapon of revolution and construction firmly in their hands.

The establishment of the North Korean Provisional People's Committee was of great significance in fulfilling the tasks of the anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution and creating the revolutionary democratic base of the northern half and, on this basis, setting up later a unified all-Korea government and winning the nationwide victory of the revolution.

Comrade Kim Il Sung published the Eleven-Point Immediate Tasks and the Twenty-Point Platform, which embodied the Party's political line and specified the tasks of the people's government.

In those tasks and platform he put forward the tasks of cleaning up the remnants of Japanese imperialism and feudal customs and assuring democratic liberties and rights in all fields of social life, building up the government bodies more solidly through democratic elections, carrying out the democratic reforms including the land reform and the nationalization of industries, introducing universal compulsory education and establishing the public educational system, and of assuring by the state the development of science, culture, arts, health services, etc.

The Twenty-Point Platform was a platform of a thorough-going anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution, a further embodiment and development of the Ten-Point Programme of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland, which he himself had drawn up in the days of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, and became the banner of struggle to the entire people in North and South Korea for the unification, independence and democratization of the country.

(THE PYONGYANG TIMES)

Gifts to 5th WPK Congress: Many Factories of Chollima Korea Fulfill 7-Year Plan Assignments

With the approach of the historic 5th Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea, a sharply increasing number of factories and enterprises have successfully overfulfilled their Seven-Year Plan assignments as gifts of loyalty to the Party Congress.

All their proud victories are a fruition of the wise guidance of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, and his constant solicitude. They are also attributable to the devoted struggles which Red workers have undertook to carry out the instructions of the Leader unconditionally to the end.

At February 8 Cement Factory

The workers of the February 8 Cement Factory, one of the leading building-materials industrial bases of the DPRK, carried out their Seven-Year Plan assignments with flying colors as of Oct. 3.

They overfulfilled the total industrial output value plan by 15.7 per cent and the cement production plan by 11.3 per cent.

The workers and technicians of the factory who have captured the high eminence of the Seven-Year Plan assignments are continuously dashing forward like the wind at "Kangson speed," a new Chollima speed, setting themselves the new goal of meeting the 5th Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea with higher political enthusiasm and brilliant achievements in labour.

At Sinpo Fishery Office

The Sinpo Fishery Office, one of the big fishery bases of the DPRK on the eastern coast, overfulfilled their Seven-Year Plan assignments with flying colors.

The Red fishermen carried out as of Oct. 4 the plan for industrial output value envisaged in the Seven-Year Plan at 182.9 per cent, marine product plan at 117.6 per cent, of which fish at 114.7 per cent.

In the period of fulfilling the plan, the fishermen infinitely loyal to the Leader have upped the aquatic output by 55 per cent every year on an average.

In the period of fulfilling the plan the fishermen there have made signal successes particularly in the struggle for developing pelagic fishing.

Their hearts burning with the firm resolution to remain faithful to the Leader, the Red fishermen of the office who brilliantly overfulfilled their Seven-Year Plan by vigorously advancing along the one road of victory indicated by the Leader are now racing ahead more dynamically having set themselves a new battle goal to supply more fish to the people.

At Huichon Machine Tool Plant

The Huichon Machine Tool Plant, a powerful machine-building industrial base of the DPRK, hoisted a flag of proud victory. The Red machine builders of the plant, always faithful to the call of the Party and the Leader, fulfilled with credit as of Oct. 5 the total industrial output value plan envisaged in the Seven-Year Plan at 127.3 per cent, the machine tool production plan at 106.4 per cent, of which the lathe production plan at 109.5 per cent.

In the period of fulfilling the Seven-Year Plan, the plant has been built up more fairly as a "mother plant" of the machine-building industry of the country and a reliable base of the modern machine-building industry thanks to the wise leadership and deep solicitude of the respected and beloved Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung.

During this period the production of machine tools grew 3 times compared with 1960 and the quality of machines was improved markedly and their assortment expanded scores of times.

Modern high efficient machine tools produced by the plant greatly contribute to accelerating economic construction and defence buildup in all domains of the national economy and carrying out the technical revolution in the country.

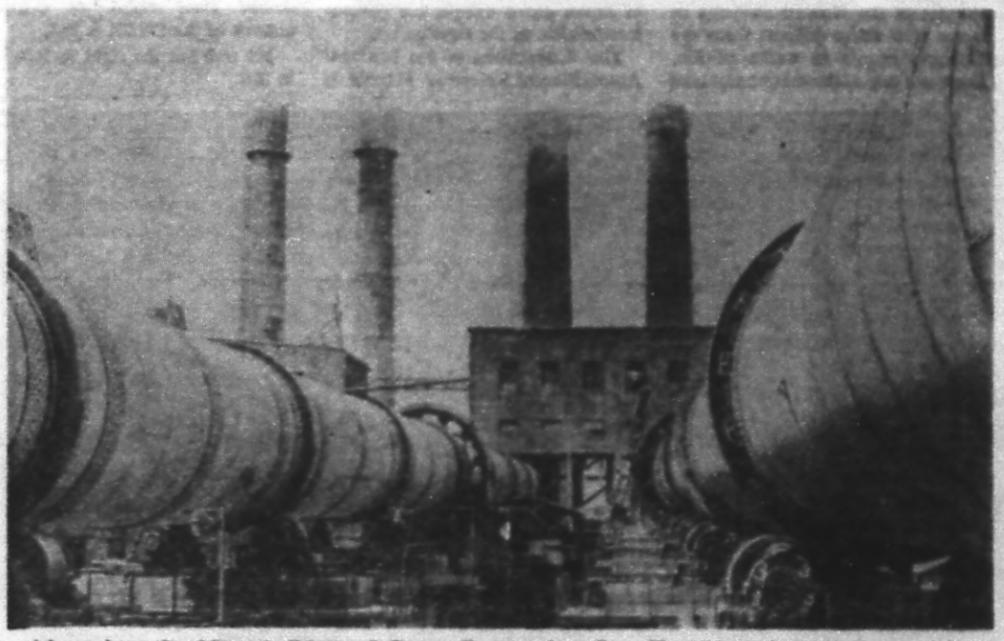
At Musan Mine

The Musan Mine, a powerful giant iron ore production base of the DPRK, registered a brilliant success by carrying out the industrial output value plan envisaged in the Seven-Year Plan at 120.7 per cent and the magnesite production plan at 109.1 per cent respectively as of Oct. 6.

In the past period the scale of the cutting face has been markedly expanded, large-size equipment extensively introduced into production. The number of excavators increased 3.4 times, heavy-duty lorries 2 times, grinding machines 1.8 times as against 1961 with the result that the technical foundation of mining and ore dressing work has been further consolidated.

In the period of fulfilling the plan the mine has raised the ore output every year at a high tempo and upped the industrial output value 3.5 times as against 1961 and markedly increased the magnesite output.

The miners there who unconditionally carry out to the end the instructions of the respected and beloved Leader have waged a vigorous struggle for increased production of iron ore with a determination to raise this year the iron ore output 1.5 times compared with last year so as to meet the 5th Congress of the WPK with higher political enthusiasm and greater achievements in labour.



A large-size modern kiln at the February 8 Cement Factory whose Seven-Year Plan assignments were carried out successfully as a gift to the historic 5th Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea

(Continued from page 1)

The fighting national liberation organizations in the three continents are not only praising this work but using the revolutionary principles and ways of struggle shown in it to intensify their own anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle.

History shows that when the peoples of the world resolutely rise as one and carry out a powerful revolutionary struggle against the imperialists, however strong they may be, the peoples of the world can vanquish them. Imperialist Japan and fascist Germany had madly attempted to swallow up Asia and the world, only to be ruined.

Today, U.S. imperialism is on the skids toward decline and falling headlong into an abyss of ruin, sustaining repeated blows at the hands of the revolutionary peoples of the world.

Under these circumstances, if the revolutionary peoples of the world fall together upon and deal collective blows at U.S. imperialism, it will become impotent and bite the dust in the end.

This original strategy of Marshal Kim Il Sung's urging all the peoples making revolution to mount joint attack upon and mutilate U.S. imperialism is the banner of revolution, the banner of struggle which fully satisfies the urgent needs of our time.

It is necessary for the revolutionary peoples of the world to firmly establish *Juche*, unite closely and undertake vigorous anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggles everywhere.

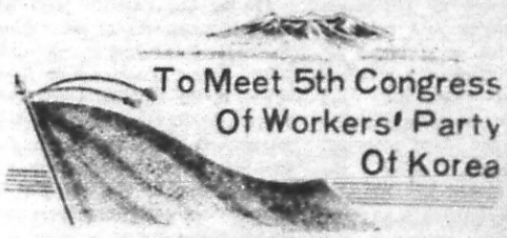
The unity of the revolutionary forces is a fundamental guarantee of the victory of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle.

In order to crush the common enemy and accomplish the common goals, all the peoples of the countries making revolution should raise higher the revolutionary banner of anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle, unite firmly with each other and launch concerted assault upon U.S. imperialism everywhere in Asia, Africa and Latin America, chop off its limbs and defeat it, and promote the world revolution.

The peoples of Asian countries engaged in revolution, such as Korea, China, Vietnam, Cambodia and Laos, are intensifying the anti-U.S. joint action and frustrating the policy of aggression and war followed by U.S. imperialism and its junior ally, Japanese militarism. They are giving severe blows at them.

The Korean people will, as in the past, uphold the teachings of Marshal Kim Il Sung, their great Leader, stand firmly behind the peoples of fighting for peace and democracy, for national independence and socialism, endeavor to deepen solidarity with them, and support the anti-imperialist, national liberation struggle of the Asian, African and Latin American peoples. The Korean people will undertake particularly energetic anti-imperialist struggle in concert with the peoples of the countries making revolution and crush U.S. imperialism. By so doing the Korean people will bring earlier the nation-wide victory of the Korean revolution and help develop the world revolution.

Invincible is the revolutionary cause of the Korean people who march forward along the road to victory as indicated by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people and a brilliant Leader of the revolution.



Socialist Countryside Prospering, Guided by Great Leader's "Theses"

Today, the agriculture of the northern half of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has been converted from a centuries-old backward state into a developed and modern one with firm material and technical foundations which enable it to effectively overcome all sorts of natural calamities.

Following the "way the Chongsan-ri villagers do," the model in farm work for all the rural villages, the entire agricultural workers of the country harvested unprecedented rich crops this year despite over 100-day droughts.

Since the Liberation Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, has showed great concern about the development of the rural economy and personally indicated vistas of a bright morrow to the people while formulating a far-reaching plan for an advanced agriculture which knows nothing except a rich harvest, together with a plan for building a mighty independent industry. He has always stood at the van of the agricultural reconstruction.

Marshal Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"The technical, cultural and ideological revolutions are the central revolutionary tasks that must be fulfilled in the rural districts following the completion of socialist cooperation."

The cardinal task of the technical revolution in the rural areas is to carry out irrigation, mechanization, electrification and chemicalization programs.

The countryside of the North covered with a network of irrigation channels harvests bumper crops every year without experiencing any water problems.

Not only the plains but also the mountainous areas such as Singe and the Kaema Height which was considered barren for a long time, now produce sufficient rice. Enough water is supplied to orchards on the mountain sides as well as to those in the plain areas.

A water-sprinklers system is widely introduced into vegetable fields around the urban areas and workers' districts, and the production of vegetables is well industrialized. Whenever necessary, rainfalls are artificially induced. A highly developed irrigation system, which peoples of the world envy as ranking among the most developed ones of the world, has been firmly established throughout the socialist countryside of the northern part of the country.

A great success was recorded in the electrification of the countryside many years ago. Electricity reaches all the corners of the countryside and 91.2 per cent of the entire farming households. Farmers who lived and worked in the darkness in the past are enjoying modern civilization under bright electric lamps.

At present, in the countryside of the North, tractors numbering 1.46 (in terms of 15 H.P. units) per 100 *chongbo* (one *chongbo* approximates one hectare) are relieving the farmers from heavy work, together with large numbers of lorries and thousands of modern combines.

The amount of chemical fertilizers and agricultural chemicals supplied is sharply increasing with each passing year. Intensive farming has extensively been introduced.

Grain output in 1967 was 2.7 times as much as that right after the Liberation. The northern half of the country has food more than enough and to spare. Thus, the North has changed from a country suffering from food shortage to one with abundant foodstuff.

All these brilliant results are unthinkable apart from the wise guidance of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

The grand Seven-Year Plan—an overall technical reconstruction plan—announced by the respected and beloved Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung at the 4th Congress of the Workers'

(Continued on page 4)

Korea As Seen by Foreign Journalists

All Success Achieved by Korean People Is Embodiment of Idea of Juche of Great Leader

Polycarpe Johnson

Editor-in-Chief of The Togo Press

Marshal Kim Il Sung! The line of *Juche*! The line of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle!

The unification of Korea! The one name and three formulas which sound like fanfare throughout the DPRK.

A traveller who visits Pyongyang for the first time cannot fully understand the real meanings of those words. But as the day passes and he comes into contact with the realities of the DPRK, he understands the entire Korean people's feelings towards the famous name and the implication of the three formulas.

I also began to be astonished by the respect and attachment of the Korean people for their respected and beloved Leader, and at last I comprehended it. I realized that the history of the DPRK reflects the history of Premier Kim Il Sung himself. The name of Premier Kim Il Sung is marked deep in the hearts of the Korean people for his extraordinary personality. Particularly the latest 40-odd-year-long history of this country is a history created by him.

From the time when the Japanese invaders acted like the masters in this country and the Korean people stood at the crossroads of life and death the people of this country waged a fierce struggle against the Japanese invaders. Premier Kim Il Sung could no longer endure to see the torment which the Korean people suffered under the jackboots of the Japanese. He could no longer allow the Japanese imperialists to flagellate his compatriots.

Then he said, "No!"

He said "no," with his father, mother, uncle and brothers. He said "no," and "no" was a complete program. At that time he was only 15 years old! The program was of the armed struggle against the Japs; the program was of the guerilla warfare he waged resolutely and self-sacrificingly for many years. In the arduous period, his appearance roused all the people as one to the struggle to drive out the invaders. There were no small sacrifices and innumerous difficulties. But at long last the Korean people emerged victorious in the arduous struggle.

This is how the Korean people were liberated from the Jap's oppression in 1945.

Comrade Kim Il Sung was never carried away by the victory.

Following the liberation Comrade Kim Il Sung set about the work with the deep insight and scientific judgement and accomplished all the democratic reforms including the land reform, and finally founded the DPRK.

When the Leader had just arranged for the people to enjoy the fruits of freedom the U.S. imperialists started the aggressive war against the DPRK.

Three years later the U.S. imperialists and their mercenaries were crushed, and admitting their defeat, the U.S. imperialists could not but sign the Armistice Agreement.

We saw the wonderful and great success the Korean people scored in 20-odd years after the Liberation.

We came to know the clothing, food and housing problems have been no longer posed as problems for the people in the northern half of the Republic.

In the Korean countryside we saw many square-formed paddies edged with levees planted with soybeans in rows. And we saw orchards on the slopes of mountains, in which the branches of the well-grown trees drooped, heavily laden with fruits—apples, pears and so on. Between paddies and orchards stretch the fields grown with fresh vegetables.

I fully consent to the saying that the land of the DPRK must be measured not by square but by cubic.

The genuine creator of this great success is also Marshal Kim Il Sung who is personally concerned for agricultural question.

He saw, first and foremost, to it that electricity was supplied to more than 98 per cent of all rural villages. Even the most civilized countries have not yet reached that level. The electrification makes farm work very easy.

What impressed us more is that Premier Kim Il Sung personally visited this co-operative farm or that, stayed among the peasants for ten or fifteen days, discussed every question with them and gave them the guidance.

Particularly, his guidance of the Chongsan-*ri* Co-operative Farm is well known. Today the spirit of the guidance given by the Premier to the farm has been generalized in the whole country. When we visited the farm a young cadre warmly greeted us. As all the Korean people do, he received us kindly and convincingly and plainly replied to many questions raised by us. He said:

"Every family of the farm is provided with houses built by the state free of charge. Eight hundred grams of rice a day go round to every man and every household earns 150-200 won in cash a month. More than 90 per cent of farm work has been mechanized. Now we gather 5.5-6 tons of rice per hectare, and will raise the per-hectare yield to 7 tons before long. Another immediate task we face is to have next year tractors as much as one per 10 hectares."

We were really surprised at this. I don't know yet that agriculture has been mechanized like this in any other countries in the world.

All the Korean people are ensured various benefits—paid leave, free medical treatment, charge-free housing, etc.

All this constitutes a step toward the immense abundance of tomorrow.

All the other co-operative farms we visited had such an advantage and rich harvest.

I think the secret of this success is the well built irrigation system which is a model of its kinds.

The name of Premier Kim Il Sung is directly associated with all this success.

An amazing success was made in the field of heavy industry, too.

The industrial output in 1967 was 22 times as compared with 1948.

In 1967 the output value of engineering industry rose 100 times as against 1948, and the portion of engineering industry in the total output value of industry went up to 31.4 per cent in 1967 from 7.4 per cent in 1948.

A great effort was made in the ideological and educational work. We could see that the ideological level of peasants had been enhanced to that of the urban population.

Today, 2,690,000 students are free educated in schools of all levels.

And the universal compulsory nine-year technical education has been in force since last year.

Embodied in all this is the idea of *Juche* of Premier Kim Il Sung, the great fighter. Namely, the policies of independence in politics, self-sustenance in the economy and self-defence in national defence are being carried out.

As to the national defence, we were moved much to see students practicing military drill with arms in the grand mass gymnastics showed at Moranbong Stadium on September 10. The DPRK is a country in which the entire people have armed themselves and are working.

Precisely for this, the Korean people and its armed forces could capture the U.S. imperialist armed spy ship "Pueblo" and its crew.

Today there is a tragic thing in Korea. It is the Military Demarcation Line. When we saw Panmunjom we felt pain very much. Owing to the existence of the Demarcation Line 514 villages were removed, 8 counties disappeared, 2 to 3 trunk roads, 4 railways and 197 paths cut off and 116 rivers, large and small, desolated.

What is more tragic is the split of one into two by a strange, arbitrary "frontier." It is really painful.

How painful it is!

This has all been made under the signboard of the U.N. How can we trust in this international organization?

We agree to the view that the Korean question should be solved in peaceful way and, in order to realize it, first of all the Korean people should be made to settle their own question by themselves without interference of any outside force.

(October, 1968)

498 Koreans' Nationality Changed to Korea in 23 Cities, 6 Towns Here

All the workers of CHONGRYUN (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) and the Korean compatriots in Japan who are launching the "120-Day Innovation Movement" to meet the 5th Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea and the 9th Congress of CHONGRYUN, are now powerfully waging the struggle to defend the democratic national rights including the citizenship of the DPRK, and to oppose the maneuvers to impose the "application for permanent residence" and the puppet "ROK nationality" upon Korean compatriots here.

Under these circumstances, 498 Korean nationals comprising 201 households in 23 cities and 6 towns, including 7 cities in Hokkaido and 6 cities in Osaka Prefecture and a city in Kyoto Prefecture, have had their nationality correctly entered as Korean, instead of the disgraceful puppet "ROK nationality," since the city authorities of Tagawa in Fukuoka Prefecture and Shimonoseki in Yamaguchi Prefecture permitted the change of nationality on Aug. 13 and 14 for the first time.

These results achieved in changing their nationality to Korea from puppet "ROK nationality" are a priceless fruition of the constant struggle of the Korean residents in Japan with active support from the Japanese people in walks of life. These are one of the shining victories won in their struggle to defend their honor as heroic Korean people and their national rights as full-fledged overseas citizens of an independent state——their glorious fatherland, the DPRK led by Marshal Kim Il Sung.

What is more, these results gave a great blow to the Japanese militarists and other reactionary forces who were going not only to "discriminate" against the Korean compatriots in Japan politically with a scheme to impose puppet "ROK nationality" and the "application for permanent residence" upon them, but also to intensify their reinvasion of South Korea more and more in collaboration with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique. Their criminal action stems from the hostile policy towards the DPRK.

As Korean nationals in Tagawa City, Fukuoka Prefecture had their nationality changed to Korea from puppet "ROK" by the city authorities, the Japanese government authorities on Aug. 18, ordered the city authorities to restore the nationality to "ROK" saying they cannot recognize the change.

However, the more they run wild, the more the public opinion of the Japanese people who support the just struggle of the Korean residents in Japan grows against the government action as the days go by.

The Convention of the National Association of Reformist Mayors in which 46 mayors took part, let alone the political parties and social organizations, demanded that the Japanese government authorities change "ROK" in the "nationality column" in the "Alien Registration Certificate" to Korea in accordance with the just demand of Koreans in Japan.

Twenty-seven progressive mayors demanded in an interview with Kobayashi, Justice Minister of Japan, that the Japanese government authorities unconditionally guarantee the legitimate rights of the Koreans here.

One hundred fifty-two local assemblies including the Tokyo Metropolitan Assembly and the Kyoto Prefectural Assembly adopted resolutions supporting the demand of the Korean residents.

The Korean nationals who have succeeded in getting rid of the disgraceful "ROK nationality" said with emotion: "Now, we can live surely as citizens of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, holding aloft the teachings of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader!"

The Korean nationals' struggle to have their nationality changed from "ROK" to Korea and to defend their rights as overseas citizens of the DPRK is just.

No one has the right to interfere in this.

As of Oct. 13, 498 Korean nationals comprising 201 households in 23 cities and six towns in this country had their nationality correctly entered as Koreans instead of the disgraceful puppet "ROK nationality".

(Continued from page 3)

Party of Korea, inspired the Korean people to rise for its realization with a high honour and pride as victors and with great hopes for the future. This became a program opening before them the road of a decisive advance in the technical revolution in the rural economy.

Several months after the 4th Party Congress, Marshal Kim Il Sung, the outstanding Leader of the revolution, created a new economic management system which nobody was able to conceive—a new agricultural guidance system by which the cooperative rural economy is to be controlled by the methods of industrial management.

In February of 1964, he announced to the world the **"Theses on the Socialist Agrarian Question in Our Country"** that illumines the scientific road to the ultimate solution of the rural question in the most correct way for the first time in history.

Under the correct guidance of the great Leader, the assistance of industry to agriculture has been strengthened in an overall way while state investments in the countryside are constantly increased to lighten the burden on the farmers.

During the past 5 years after the announcement of the "theses" the State spent 21 per cent of the total capital construction investments in the national economy on rural construction. The State also guaranteed financially by making colossal amounts of funds the strengthening of the material and technical foundations of agriculture and improvement of the living of the farmers.

Farmers has been completely freed from taxation for ever.

The material and technical foundations of agriculture in the North have been consolidated more firmly at a rapid speed.

Under the **"Theses on the Socialist Agrarian Question in Our Country"** made public by the great Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung, the Korean people have attained a great success in building the firm material and technical foundations of the agriculture in a historically short span of time by carrying out energetically the technical revolution in the countryside together with the ideological and cultural revolutions. This success is the success never imagined by the ancestors of the Korean people.

The morrow of the socialist countryside of the northern half of the Republic that has undergone significant transformations along the road shown by the "theses" is full of victory and glory.

"Sasanggye" Banned by Pak Jung Hi Clique

The Pak Jung Hi fascist gangsters, the faithful stooges of U.S. imperialism, cancelled the "registration" of the monthly "Sasanggye" (ideological circle) published in South Korea, and forcibly closed it down on Sep. 29, according to a press report from South Korea.

The journal "Sasanggye" became a target of fascist suppression because it carried early in May a poem "Five Robbers" exposing the country-selling treacherous acts and dirty fraudulence and irregularities of the Pak Jung Hi fascist bandits.

The Pak Jung Hi fascist blackguards arrested and detained the publisher and an editor of the journal for the mere reason that they carried an article disclosing the crime of the scoundrels, and held murderous trials several times on charges of "violating the Anti-Communist Law" and committed the outrageous act of seizing the journal.

The scoundrels are now scheming to forcibly close down more than 100 press organs in South Korea under various pretexts, a report from South Korea said.

This is part of the Pak Jung Hi fascist gangs' atrocious scheme to suppress and stamp out all press organs going against the grain with them with the approach of the puppet presidential and national assembly "election" farce slated for next year under the manipulation of the U.S. imperialists, their master.

Puppet "ROK" Soldiers and Reservist Desert with Weapons

A certain An, a South Korean puppet army soldier, belonging to the puppet army unit entrenched in the Kwangju area, South Cholla Province, went into hiding some time ago, carrying with him a carbine and a lot of balls, according to a report from South Korea.

He could not tolerate the inhuman insult and persecution by the U.S. imperialists and the malicious "superiors," their cat's-paws, who force treacherous acts against the country and nation on rank-and-file soldiers. When he was driven out to a "mobile training," he deserted seizing the chance, unable to repress bitter hatred for the humiliating and disgraceful puppet army life.

Earlier, a soldier Yu belonging to the artillery battalion of a puppet army division also deserted from the barracks carrying a weapon with him not to become cannon fodder of U.S. imperialism, the sworn enemy, another report said.

This is a clear manifestation of national and class awakening which is steadily rising among the puppet army soldiers.

* * *

A certain Kim drafted into the "homeland reserve defence forces," the special detachment of the South Korean puppet army, on Oct. 2 went into hiding in the mountains carrying a rifle and bullets with him in Kyongsan county, North Kyongsang Province of South Korea, not to serve the disgraceful "homeland reserve defence forces," according to a radio report from Seoul.

Before hiding himself in the mountains the youth grappled with puppet military police bandits who chased after him, the report added.

This case which took place at a time when more and more South Korean puppet army soldiers are deserting from the barracks, carrying arms with them in opposition to the disgraceful service in the puppet army shows that sentiments opposing the war preparation manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys are running high today among the youths drafted into the "homeland reserve defence forces," the special detachment of the puppet army.

S. Korean Fishermen Who Returned from North Resolutely Fight against Suppression

A fisherman certain Song who is residing in Kojin-*ri*, Kojin *myon*, Kosong county, South Korean Kangwon Province, foiled the suppressive scheme of the fascist bandits who arrested him and tried to inflict a "punishment" upon him merely because he introduced part of what he saw when he came into the northern half of the DPRK, and compelled the scoundrels to release him on Sep. 22, according to a radio report from Seoul.

According to the report, the fisherman Song was rescued from a distress by brothers of the northern half of the DPRK in the East Sea in January 1968 while catching fish there, received warm protection filled with compatriotic love from them in the norhern half and returned after he recovered his health to his native village where his family was waiting.

After his return the fisherman told his relatives and acquaintances about part of what he saw in the northern half.

The U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet bandits who are most afraid that the brilliant realities of the northern half will be introduced to the South Korean people arrested the fisherman in February last year on "charges of violation of the Anti-Communist Law" merely because he introduced the northern half and put him to all kinds of torture and viciously tried to "punish" him through a murderous trial.

But the fisherman resolutely fought at "court" more than one and a half years and strongly asserted his innocence at the so-called first, second and third trials.

His relatives and acquaintances and broad public circles also denounced the illegal suppression by the fascist hangmen and strongly demanded his release.

Unable to inflict a "punishment" upon the guiltless fisherman before the people, the fascist bandits could not but release him temporarily.

Over 15,000 S. Koreans Demand Use Of Mother Tongue

Over 15,000 civilians in Samchok county, South Korean Kangwon Province, sent recently a letter of protest in their name to the Pak Jung Hi puppet gang, strongly demanding that "words borrowed" from the United States, Japan, etc. "be banned and our mother tongue be used."

In the letter of protest they pointed out that the language of their own is fading away and mishmash of words hardly understandable imported from the United States, Japan, etc. are in vogue, due to the treachery of the traitors. They demanded that the adopted words which are even used in the labels of a small commodity be replaced with our own words.

According to reports, the signboards of stores, advertisements, most of the trade marks, labels of commodities and even the road signs are written in English or Japanese and a jumble of words which no one can understand are openly aired over the radio in South Korea.

Furthermore, the Western and Japanese styles hold sway in every sphere of life.

Enraged at the woeful situation caused by the vicious acts of the U.S. imperialist aggressors for imposing submission and slavery upon them, the South Korean people have risen up in a massive struggle for defending the mother tongue, rejecting the Western and Japanese styles.

Let Us Oppose Revival of Japanese Militarism!

Japanese Militarists' Intensive Ideological and Cultural Inroads into S. Korea

The Japanese militarists have ceaselessly intensified the ideological and cultural penetration of South Korea in parallel with the political, economic and military inroads since they concluded the aggressive "South Korea-Japan Treaty" with the South Korean Pak Jung Hi puppet clique under the instigation of the U.S. imperialists.

It is in the nature of the imperialist aggressors to combine political, economic and military invasion with ideological and cultural penetration.

As what is called "lubricating oil" for their political, economic and military inroads of South Korea, the Japanese militarists' ideological and cultural infiltration is designed to deaden the South Korean people's national consciousness and deep-rooted anti-Japanese feelings, instill pro-Japanese ideas and "anti-communism" into them and prevent them from rising against their criminal action, so that they may easily attain the purpose of reinvasion.

The Japanese militarists, now revived and rearmed as a "shock brigade" in U.S. imperialist Asian aggression, are making frantic efforts to describe Japan as a "democratic state" and a "free friendly neighboring country of South Korea," which, they assert, has no aggressive ambition, and preaching spurious "friendship and cooperation" between South Korea and Japan. They are also launching a vicious propaganda campaign to whitewash their past heinous crimes by portraying the Japanese imperialist occupation of Korea as a "favor aimed at modernizing Korea," not as aggression.

"Exchange of personnel" and reactionary organizations are playing an important role in the Japanese militarist ideological and cultural invasion of South Korea.

Over 50 "pro-South Korean associations" have been organized in Japan, while more than 20 "pro-Japanese bodies" have been set up in South Korea. These reactionary organizations are employing vicious methods to spread illusions about Japanese militarism among the South Korean people.

The Japanese militarists are also infiltrating South Korea under the pretext of "missions," "inspection teams," "friendship delegations" and so on. Wirepulling the national traitors and pro-Japanese elements active in the press, educational and cultural circles, the Japanese militarists are propagating pro-Japanese ideas and "anti-communism." In 1969 alone, a total of 30,916 Japanese militarist agents sneaked into South Korea and plundered valuable cultural assets.

Nihilism and eroticism are major weapons employed by the Japanese militarists in their ideological and cultural attack on South Korea.

The Japanese militarists are constantly bringing into South Korea decadent Japanese publications including pornographic novels and films and popular songs.

To cite a few examples, 95 per cent of the translations of foreign books are from the Japanese; corrupt Japanese popular songs comprise between 60 and 70 per cent of the foreign songs now in vogue in South Korea. These figures bespeak that the Japanese "thoughts and culture" have deeply permeated South Korea.

Vulgar Japanese films are extensively shown in cinema theatres throughout South Korea.

The Japanese militarists attach great importance to religion in their ideological and cultural invasion of South Korea.

Prior to the conclusion of the "South Korea-Japan Treaty," many religious organizations had advanced into South Korea in accordance with the instructions of the Japanese militarists. They devoted all their energy to spreading pro-Japanese ideas and "anti-communism" among the South Korean people. Of these religious bodies, the most prominent are "Tenriist groups" and "Sokagakkai groups."

"Japanese culture" and "American culture" are so prevalent in South Korea that Japanese people visiting South Korea say that they do not feel they are in a foreign country.

The Japanese language is widely used in South Korea as a result of the maneuvers of the Pak Jung Hi clique to liquidate the mother tongue. Twenty Japanese-language schools have been established in Seoul city alone, with increased Japanese-language inroads into the daily conversations of the South Korean people.

Foreign Minister Aichi of Japan, returning from Seoul after meeting with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique at the "4th South Korea-Japan ministerial conference "engineered by U.S. imperialism, met the press and made intolerable statements, saying, "South Korean youth should learn the Japanese language more" and "The education of Japanese should be strengthened still more in South Korea."

In this way, today, the Japanese militarists are deeply invading South Korea by various methods, trampling upon the traditional Korean culture, consolidating their political and ideological bases for their aggression and paralyzing gradually the national and class consciousness of the South Korean people.

This shows that the ideological and cultural penetration of South Korea by the Japanese militarists has reached its serious stage as a result of their aggressive maneuvers to "Japanize" South Korea with the help of the Pak Jung Hi clique, running dogs faithful to them, under the manipulation of the U.S. imperialists.

At present, South Korea is being rapidly converted into a dual colony where gangster-like Yankee culture and decadent Japanese culture are thriving.

However, the South Korean people, who suffered all miseries and hardships under the Japanese imperialist colonial domination for over half a century and are now again suffering from the aggressive maneuvers of the Japanese militarists, are resolutely fighting against the invading Japanese culture and "Japanization" maneuvers, while resisting the Japanese militarists' political, economic and military reinvasion. Their struggle is guided by the revolutionary ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung.

"Proclamation of Republic" In Cambodia: Crafty Neo-Colonialist Plot Engineered By U.S. Imperialism

The U.S. imperialists and their lackey Lon Nol clique on Oct. 9 took treacherous hasty steps to "proclaim Cambodia a republic."

This "proclamation" is a crafty neo-colonialist plot worked out by the U.S. imperialists to legalize the Lon Nol puppet regime completely isolated and forsaken by the Cambodian people, stave off its collapse and thus intensify their brigandish aggression on Cambodia.

This is a new wanton challenge to the Cambodian people who are waging a bloody struggle against U.S. aggression and for national salvation to build an independent, peaceful and neutral Cambodia and an intolerable insult to the peoples of Asia and the rest of the world who value freedom, independence and progress.

The Lon Nol clique are a pack of robbers who staged a coup and overthrew the legitimate regime enjoying the full support of the Cambodian people on direct orders of the U.S. imperialists and out-and-out military blackguards barely maintained with the bayonets of the U.S. imperialists, traitors who have sold off all the national interests of the Cambodian people and criminal murderers who are bestially massacring the Cambodian people and the Indochinese peoples.

The Lon Nol clique are an entirely illegal existence having no right to represent the people and state of Cambodia in the international arena. No one but a handful of stooges and followers of the U.S. imperialists recognizes them. The Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique are nothing but a colonial puppet ruling machine of the U.S. imperialists in the true sense of the word.

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia, made public a statement on Sep. 27 bitterly denouncing the frantic scheme of the Lon Nol clique to proclaim a so-called "republic" under the manipulation of the U.S. imperialists, and stated that the project of "republic" has no legal ground or mass basis and branded it as an entirely illegal, anti-popular and anti-national one.

The Korean people fully support the statement of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and recognize the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia under the leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea headed by Samdech Norodom Sihanouk as the solely legitimate Government representing the genuine will and interests of the Cambodian people.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said:

"Expressing the belief that the courageous Cambodian people, rallied close around the Royal Government of National Union under the leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea, in warm response to the call of Your Highness Prince and the National United Front of Kampuchea, will certainly win the struggle for forcing the U.S. imperialist aggressors out of their soil and overthrowing the right-wing reactionary clique and building an independent, free, peaceful, neutral and prosperous Cambodia, I sincerely wish the Royal Government of National Union under the leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea great success in its future work."

The Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia is the sole, genuine, patriotic and legitimate power which came into being in the flames of the sacred struggle of the Cambodian people against U.S. aggression and for national salvation and it is displaying its vitality as the days go by.

The Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia under the leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea is enjoying the unqualified support of the Cambodian people and greater international trust, too.

With no amount of the neo-colonialist scheme including the move to put the label "republic" on the Lon Nol puppet clique, can the U.S. imperialists legalize their puppets or put off the collapse of their colonial rule in Cambodia or block the triumphant advance of the struggle of the Cambodian people against U.S. aggression and for national salvation.

New War Provocative Acts of U.S. Imperialists against DPRK

The villainous commander of the U.S. forces in the Pacific and brass-hats of the aggressor armies of such followers and puppets of the U.S. imperialists as Taiwan, South Vietnam, the Philippines and Israel, held some time ago in Seoul, South Korea, a war confab with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to discuss the question of the "security of South Korea" and "study the situation in the Far East and South East Asia." The high-ranking officials of the "Self-Defence Forces" of Japan also took part in the war meeting. And the U.S. imperialist aggressors staged the war exercises, "air-lifting" and "model paratrooping," by bringing into South Korea large-size "C-5 A" military transport planes from Japan and mobilizing heavily armed South Korean puppet army units.

Lately, the U.S. imperialists are speeding up in real earnest preparations for an aggressive war against the northern half of the DPRK behind the smokescreen of the "reduction" of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army occupying South Korea.

The scoundrels have brought into South Korea a large number of combat air force group, warships and new-type weapons to reinforce their aggressor army and quicken the modernization of the South Korean puppet army and are incessantly carrying on various war exercises and hostile provocations against the northern half of the DPRK.

A criminal scheme is now being pushed ahead to move to South Korea part of the tactical nuclear weapons from Okinawa, Japan.

In strict accordance with the scheme to provoke a new Korean War, the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops perpetrated the grave armed provocation of firing over 10,000 bullets from heavy weapons into the area of the northern half of the DPRK between eight hours 50 minutes and nine hours 50 minutes on Oct. 8 evening in the Kimpo peninsula, the very place where they committed vicious armed provocations on two occasions on Oct. 7 morning and evening.

The recent war confab the brass-hats of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army and the Japanese militarist aggressor forces, the boss of the Chiang Kai-shek mercenary army and "representatives" of other followers and puppets of the U.S. imperialists, held in Seoul with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and their war whooping are a link in the war preparations stepped up by the U.S. imperialist aggressors under the cover of the "U.S. army cutback."

All the facts clearly show that the U.S. imperialists are making a desperate attempt to find a way out of the deepening crisis of their colonial rule in South Korea in the provocation of an adventurous war of aggression.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and genius in military strategy, taught us as follows:

"The intensified aggressive manoeuvres on the part of the U.S. imperialists are no sign of their mightiness; on the contrary, they show that the U.S. imperialists are in a more difficult situation.... With no amount of manoeuvres can the U.S. imperialists halt the mounting revolutionary struggle of the peoples, and they are bound to meet their doom in the long run."

If the U.S. imperialist aggressors refuse to lend an ear to the repeated warnings of the Korean people and persist in taking the road of a war, there will be only greater setbacks and death for them, as the Korean people warn.

The Korean people under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and brilliant Leader of the revolution, will drive the U.S. imperialist aggressors out of South Korea and accomplish without fail the historic cause of national reunification.

Rodong Sinmun Brands Sato's Speech As Ambitious of Overseas Expansion

PYONGYANG, Oct. 7 (KCNA) —Commenting on the recent harangue of Sato, the boss of the Japanese militarists, on the so-called "Asian policy," that Japan has no intention of economic aggression on Asia and that as an "Asian country," Japan will increase "economic aid" and "educational aid" to the countries in this region and "militarization of Japan is unthinkable," today's Rodong Sinmun, organ of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, says:

Its Aim: to Cover Up Aggression

This patently shows what cunning method the Japanese militarists are resorting to, to cover up their heinous aggressive nature, having embarked upon imperialist overseas expansion.

The commentary says:

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the outstanding Marxist-Leninist and great Leader of the revolution, taught as follows:

"At the instigation of the U.S. imperialists, the Sato Government pursues a hostile policy towards our country and the other socialist countries in Asia. It also intensifies its economic and cultural infiltration into a number of Asian, African and Latin American countries under the specious name of 'aid,' 'joint development and economic and technical cooperation."

The "aid," "joint development" and "cooperation" on the lips of the Japanese militarists are a crafty and heinous scheme to intensify economic infiltration into Asian countries, expand markets for the export of capital and commodities and areas for plunder of raw materials and set up their colonial sphere of influence.

The Japanese militarists are also leaving no stone unturned to intensify their ideological and cultural penetration into Asian countries.

The Japanese militarists' heinous expansionist ambition against Asian countries finds a vivid expression in Sato's hokum that the "militarization of Japan is unthinkable."

It is by no means accidental that the Japanese reactionaries are openly calling for "protecting" by force of arms Japan's overseas economic concessions.

The Japanese militarists are further tightening the political, economic and military tie-up with the U.S. imperialists by revising for the worse and extending for an indefinite period the U.S.-Japan "Security Pact," while putting further spurs to the armaments expansion and reinforcement of the aggressor forces under the name of the so-called "self-defence," raving that Japan "should have military power commensurate with her national power" and "get prepared to play a military role abroad."

"Greater East Asia Co-Prosperity Sphere" Plan

The Sato clique of Japan who have militarized and fascistized the country are attempting to openly embark upon military aggression to realize their old dream of the "Greater East Asia Co-Prosperity Sphere," actively partaking in the U.S. imperialists' policy for Asian aggression.

All facts clearly show how desperately the Japanese militarists are trying to realize their old dream of the "Greater East Asia Co-Prosperity Sphere" by embarking again upon imperialist aggression on Asia with the backing of the U.S. imperialists, their master, while faithfully serving the U.S. imperialists as their "shock force" for the Asian aggression hand in glove with the U.S. imperialists as they did in the past in perpetrating aggression with the support of big powers.

Sato's recent rigmarole "The Road of Asia and the Role of Japan" is nothing but a revelation of the Japanese militarists' heinous aggressive ambition to become the "leader" of Asia and the colonial "empire," brandishing their bloody dagger.

Today the Japanese militarists have made their appearance as the dangerous aggressive force in Asia. The Japanese militarists were and are the sworn enemy of the Asian peoples.

No illusion must be entertained about the Sato clique. Vigilance must be always maintained against the Japanese militarists, the enemy.

Pak Jung Hi Puppets' Another Challenge To Arab Peoples

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique announced setting up of their "permanent embassy" in Israel under the manipulation of the U.S. imperialists.

This is another criminal move of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to tighten their tie-up with the Israeli expansionists and an intolerable challenge to the Arab peoples who are waging a just struggle against the aggression by the U.S. imperialists and their stooges, the Israeli expansionists.

As everybody knows, the Arab peoples are now waging a just struggle against the U.S. imperialists and the Israeli aggressors, for the defence of national independence and dignity and for the restoration of the usurped Arab land and for the accomplishment of the liberation cause of the Palestinian people.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said:

"The Korean people are well aware of the struggle of the Arab peoples against the Israeli expansionists. Israel, as an aggressive outpost of the U.S. and British imperialists against the Arab peoples in the Near and Middle East, blocks the Arab progress and threatens the security of the Arab peoples."

Today the U.S. imperialists and the Zionists are intensifying with greater frenzy the maneuvers of aggression and war in the Near and Middle East against the Palestinian people and Arab peoples.

The Pak Jung Hi clique, by tightening their collusion with the Israeli expansionists at such a time, once again showed with added clarity that they are the stooges faithfully serving the U.S. imperialists' policies of aggression and war and the enemy opposing the just cause of the Arab peoples.

The South Korean puppet clique had long strengthened the political, economic and military collusion with the Israeli expansionists, openly declared their readiness to dispatch "volunteers" to the Israeli aggressors at the time of the 1956 "Suez War," vindicated with great zeal the aggressive acts of the U.S. imperialists and the Israeli aggressors and maliciously slandered and abused the anti-imperialist national liberation struggle of the Arab peoples.

By tightening the mutual tie-up the Pak Jung Hi hordes and the Israeli expansionists intend to implement the U.S. imperialists' policies of aggression and war and stave off their imminent doom. But, this will only hasten their doom.

The Korean people, firmly uniting with the Arab peoples and all the revolutionary peoples of Asia, Africa, Latin America and the rest of the world, will raise higher the flame of the revolutionary struggle against the U.S. imperialists, the common enemy, and their stooges and continue to staunchly support the just cause of the Arab peoples who are heroically fighting against the Israeli aggressors.

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